THE IMPACT OF OPTIMISM TOWARDS JOB BURNOUT (A CASE OF MILLENNIAL GENERATION EMPLOYEES IN BANK INDONESIA YOGYAKARTA)

THESIS

As partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Degree of Sarjana Manajemen (S1) Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta



Written By:

CLAUDIA

15 12 21974

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

FACULTY OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS

UNIVERSITAS ATMA JAYA YOGYAKARTA



Letter of Statement No. 285/J/I

Based on the Thesis Defense results that has been held on Friday, 8 May 2020 with the following examiners:

Parnawa Putranta M, Drs., MBA., Ph.D.
 Debora Wintriarsi Handoko, SE, MM., M.Sc.
 Daniel Yudistya Wardana, SE., MEI.
 Member

The examiners team has decided that:

Name : Claudia Student Number : 151221974

Program : International Business Management

Has passed
Thesis Revision

The thesis revision has been reviewed and confirmed by all examiners.

This letter of statement is made for Yudisium/Graduation of Bachelor of Management in Faculty of Business and Economics Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta.

Dean,

Drs. Budi Suprapto, MBA., Ph.D

JI, Babarsari No. 43 Yogyakarta 55281 Indonesia Kotak Pos 1086 / YKBB Telp. +62-274-487711 (hunting) Fax. +62-274-485227 Website : //www.uajy.ac.id

AC

AUTHENTICITY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, Claudia, hereby declare that I compiled my undergraduate thesis with the following title:

THE IMPACT OF OPTIMISM TOWARDS JOB BURNOUT (A CASE OF MILLENNIAL GENERATION EMPLOYEES IN BANK INDONESIA YOGYAKARTA)

is actually my own thinking and writing, I fully know and understand that my writings do not contain other's part(s) of other's writing, except those that have been cited and mentioned in the references.

Yogyakarta, April 20, 2020

Writer,

Claudia

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Praise to the almighty God for the abundant blessings so author can finish the thesis entitled "THE IMPACT OF OPTIMISM TOWARDS JOB BURNOUT (A CASE OF MILLENNIAL GENERATION EMPLOYEES IN BANK INDONESIA YOGYAKARTA)" In the process of completing this thesis, author received many advices, motivations, supports, and loves from family, supervisor, friends, and the others. Therefore, the author would like to express a gratitude for the presence of:

- 1. Mrs. Debora Wintriarsi Handoko, SE., MM., Msc. as my supervisor who has been patiently guiding me in the process of finishing this thesis. Thank you for all your support, motivation, advices and time for keep guiding me until this thesis finished. You are the best.
- Mr. Budi Suprapto, MBA., Ph. D. as the dean of Faculty of Business and Economics, Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta.
- All employees and staffs at the Faculty of Business and Economics,
 Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta which has provided knowledge and supports.
- 4. My beloved parents , who sincerely nurturing and guiding me until this moment. The loves I received from all of you meant so much for me, thank you from the bottom of my heart.
- 5. Those who helped and supported the author who could not be mentioned one by one, thank you so much for the supports and helps.

A word of thank you will never be enough to express how much I am grateful for those people who supported me during my study. I hope we will always be blessed and keep supporting each other in the future.

The author also realized the fact that this thesis is not perfect because there is a limitation of author's knowledge and ability. Therefore, any recommendation and suggestion are welcomed in order to improve this thesis. I also hope that this thesis can provide benefits for the reader and the parties concerned in the study.

Yogyakarta, March 16, 2020

Writer,

Claudia

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGEi
APPROVAL PAGEii
AUTHENTICITY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PAGEiii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTiv
TABLE OF CONTENTSv
LIST OF TABLESx
LIST OF FIGURESxiii
LIST OF APPENDICESxiv
ABSTRACTxv
CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION1
1.1 Research Background1
1.2 Research Problem6
1.3 Research Objective7
1.4 Research Contributions8
1.5 Writing Systematic8
CHAPTER II
LITERATURE REVIEW10
2.1 Job Burnout
2.1.1 Definition of Job Burnout
2.1.2 The Dimensions of Job Burnout11
2.1.3 Anteceden of Job Burnout
2.1.4 Consequentces of Job Burnout14
2.2 Optimism

2.2.1 Definition of Optimism	15
2.2.2 The dimensions of Optimism	15
2.2.3 Anteceden of Optimism	17
2.2.4 Consequences of Optimism	18
2.3 Millenial Generation	19
2.3.1 Definition of Millenial Generation	19
2.3.2 Characteristics of Millenial Generation	20
2.4 Research Framework	21
2.5 Hypothesis Development	22
2.5.1 The Effect of Trait Optimism on Job Burnout among the	
Millenial Generation	22
2.5.2 The Effect of State Optimism on Job Burnout among the	
Individuals of the Millenial Generation	26
CHAPTER III	
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	31
3.1 Research Design	
3.2 Research Context	31
3.3 Population and Sampling	32
3.2.1 Population	32
3.2.2 Sample	32
3.4 Data Resource	33
3.5 Data Collection Method	34
3.6 Data Measurement Method	35
3.7 Operational Definition	35
3.8 Testing the Instrument	36

3.8.1 Validity Test	36
3.8.2 Reliability Test	37
3.9 Data Analysis Method	38
3.9.1 Descriptive Statistic Analysis	38
3.9.2 Multiple Regression Analysis	
3.9.3 F-test	
3.9.4 t-test	
3.9.5 Coefficient of Determination	
3.10 Company's Profile	
3.10.1 Company's Vision, Mission and Values	
CHAPTER IV	
DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION	11
\mathcal{O}	
4.1 Goodness of Measures	44
4.1.1 Validity Test	44
4.1.2 Realibility Test	48
4.2 Data Analysis	49
4.2.1 Respondents Descriptive Statistic Analysis	
4.2.2 Variable Descriptive Statistic Analysis	
4.3 Hypothesis Testing	61
4.3.1 Multiple Regression Analysis	61
4.4 Discussion	69
4.4.1 Effect of Trait Optimism on Job Burnout	69
4.4.2 Effect of Trait Optimism on Emotional Exhaustion	71
4.4.3 Effect of Trait Optimism on Depersonalization	72
4.4.4 Effect of Trait Optimism on Diminished Personal	
Accomplishment	73
4.4.5 Effect of State Optimism on Job Burnout	
4.4.6 Effect of State Optimism on Emotional Exhaustion	74

4.4.7 Effect of State Optimism on Depersonalization	75
4.4.8 Effect of State Optimism on Diminished Personal	
Accomplishment.	76
CHAPTER V	
CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	78
5.1 Conclusion	78
5.2 Managerial Implication for Bank Indonesia Yogyakarta	79
5.3 Suggestion	80
5.3 Suggestion	82
BIBLIOGRAPHY	84
APPENDIX	88

LIST OF TABLES

Table 3.1.	Descriptive Analysis Criteria	.39
Table 4.1.	Validity Test Result of the Dependent Variable	
	(Job Burnout)	.45
Table 4.2.	Validity Test Result of the Independent Variable	
	(Optimism)	.47
Table 4.3.	Reliability Test Result	.48
Table 4.4.	Respondents' Gender Data Analysis Result	.50
Table 4.5.	Respondents' Age Data Analysis Result	.51
Table 4.6.	Respondents' Latest Education Data Analysis Result	.52
Table 4.7.	Respondents' Work Duration Data Analysis Result	.53
Table 4.8.	Emotional Exhaustion Variable Descriptive Statistic Analysis	S
	Result	.54
Table 4.9.	Depersonalization Variable Descriptive Statistic Analysis	
	Result	.55
Table 4.10.	Diminished Personal Accomplishment Variable Descriptive	
	Statistic Analysis Result	.56
Table 4.11.	Job Burnout Variable Dewscriptive Statistic Analysis	
	Result	.57
Table 4.12.	Trait Optimism Variable Descriptive Statistic Analysis	
	Result	.59

Table 4.13.	State Optimism Variable Descriptive Statistic Analysis	
	Result	60
Table 4.14.	Multiple Regression Analysis Test Result of Trait Optimism	
	and State Optimism toward Emotional Exhaustion	62
Table 4.15.	Multiple Regression Analysis Test Result of Trait Optimism	
	and State Optimism toward Depersonalization	64
Table 4.16.	Multiple Regression Analysis Test Result of Trait Optimism	
	and State Optimism toward Diminished Personal	
	Accomplishment	66
Table 4.17.	Multiple Regression Analysis Test Result of Trait Optimism	
S	and State Optimism toward Job Burnout	.68

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1.	Bank Indonesia Organisation Structure	6
Figure 2.1.	Research Framework	22



LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix I Questionnaire

Appendix II Respondents Data

Appendix III Variable Data

Appendix IV Validity & Reliability Analysis

Appendix V Regression Analysis

THE IMPACT OF OPTIMISM TOWARDS JOB BURNOUT (A CASE OF MILLENNIAL GENERATION EMPLOYEES IN BANK INDONESIA YOGYAKARTA)

Claudia Debora Wintriarsi Handoko, SE., MM., MSc.

International Business Management Program
Faculty of Business and Economics Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta
Jalan Babarsari No. 43 Yogyakarta Telp. +62274487711

ABSTRACT

This research analyzed the effects of optimism towards job burnout among the millennial generation. This research focused on a company that more likely to faced job burnout. Bank industry is suitable for this research and Bank Indonesia Yogyakarta is chosen in this research. To examine the total of 31 samples, this study used multiple regression analysis.

The result shows that state optimism has negative effect toward job burnout. When trait optimism does not have a negative effect toward job burnout. Trait optimism does not have a negative impact on emotional exhaustion. Trait optimism has a negative impact on depersonalization. Ttrait optimism does not have a negative impact on diminished personal accomplishment. State optimism has a negative impact on emotional exhaustion. State optimism does not have a negative impact on depersonalization. State optimism has a negative impact on depersonal accomplishment among the individuals of the Millennial Generation employee in Bank Indonesia Yogyakarta.

Keywords: Job Burnout, State Optimism, Trait Optimism, Emotional Exhaustion Depersonalization, Diminished Personal Accomplishment, Bank Indonesia, Millennial Generation.