

Abstract

**INCLUSIVE VILLAGE POLICY AND SOCIAL COHESION OF
PERSON WITH DISABILITIES**

By: Johanes Widiantoro¹, B. Hengky Widi A., Dewi Krisna Hardjanti.

(Research Team from Faculty of Law – Univ. of Atma Jaya Yogyakarta)

CRPD as a global principle of protection of the rights of persons with disabilities has been ratified by Indonesia since 2011. Then followed by the issuance of the Law on Persons with Disabilities in 2016 and several implementing regulations. Efforts to realize the CRPD principles were even carried out at the village level, through inclusive village policies. It is believed, inclusion village policies can contribute to the acceleration of social cohesion of persons with disabilities in the midst of village communities. The *ratio legis* of inclusion village policies is to realize the equal rights and obligations, and dignity of persons with disabilities towards independence and without discrimination. This study aims to look at the implementation of inclusive village policies based on empirical experience by the Government as policy makers, persons with disabilities and related stakeholders. In this case, the progress and achievements of social cohesion of persons with disabilities will be analyzed following the inclusion of village policy. The assumption is that the inclusion village policy will accelerate the social cohesion of persons with disabilities. This study will begin by examining the normative aspects of the laws and regulations governing inclusive village policies and how they are implemented, using the method: policy review, FGD and interviews with all stakeholders. The results of this study show that issues related to the fulfillment of the rights of persons with disabilities in the form of inclusion village policies are still constrained by the stigmatization and influence of community bio-medical knowledge in viewing persons with disabilities. Therefore, the implementation of inclusive village policies must also be followed by various community empowerment programs, both government officials, DPOs, and the community in general, so that social cohesion of person with disabilities is more easily realized.

Keywords: *village Inclusion, Person with Disabilities, social cohesion*

¹ Email: j.widiantoro@uajy.ac.id



Inclusive village policy and social cohesion of persons with disabilities in Indonesia

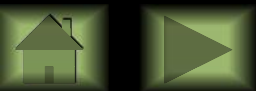
I WIDIJANTORO
NGKY WIDHI A

FACULTY
ERSITAS ATMA JAYA YOGYAKARTA
ONESIA





WHAT IS INCLUSIVE VILLAGE



Participative Growth Concept

PROCESS

Participation that guarantees an involvement of all elements of society

RESULT

*Share benefits:
Ultimately to reduce poverty incidence and gap of inequality*





INDICATORS INCLUSIVE VILLAGE



DATA AND INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

**INVOLVEMENT OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES
IN THE POLICY MAKING PROCESS**

BUDGET PLAN FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

**REGULATIONS, SUCH AS: ACT, CENTRAL, LOCAL REGULATIONS
AND SEVERAL OPERATIONAL REGULATIONS**





INDICATORS INCLUSIVE VILLAGE



EQUALITY AND ACCESSIBILITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES

AVAILABILITY AND INCREASED ACCESSIBLE PHYSICAL FACILITIES

THERE ARE SOCIAL FORMS AND RESPONSIBILITIES
FROM THE SOCIETY

SPACE FOR INNOVATION AND NETWORKING





INCLUSIVE VILLAGE POLICY

CONSTITUTION

**(CRPD, LAW NO 19/2011, LAW
NO. 8/2016, LAW NO. 6/2014)**

OPERATIONAL REGULATION

***(LOCAL REGULATION, VILLAGE REGULATION AND
REGENTS/MAJOR INSTRUCTIONS)***

Public Policy : The New “Village” Perspective

Old Village

Development object

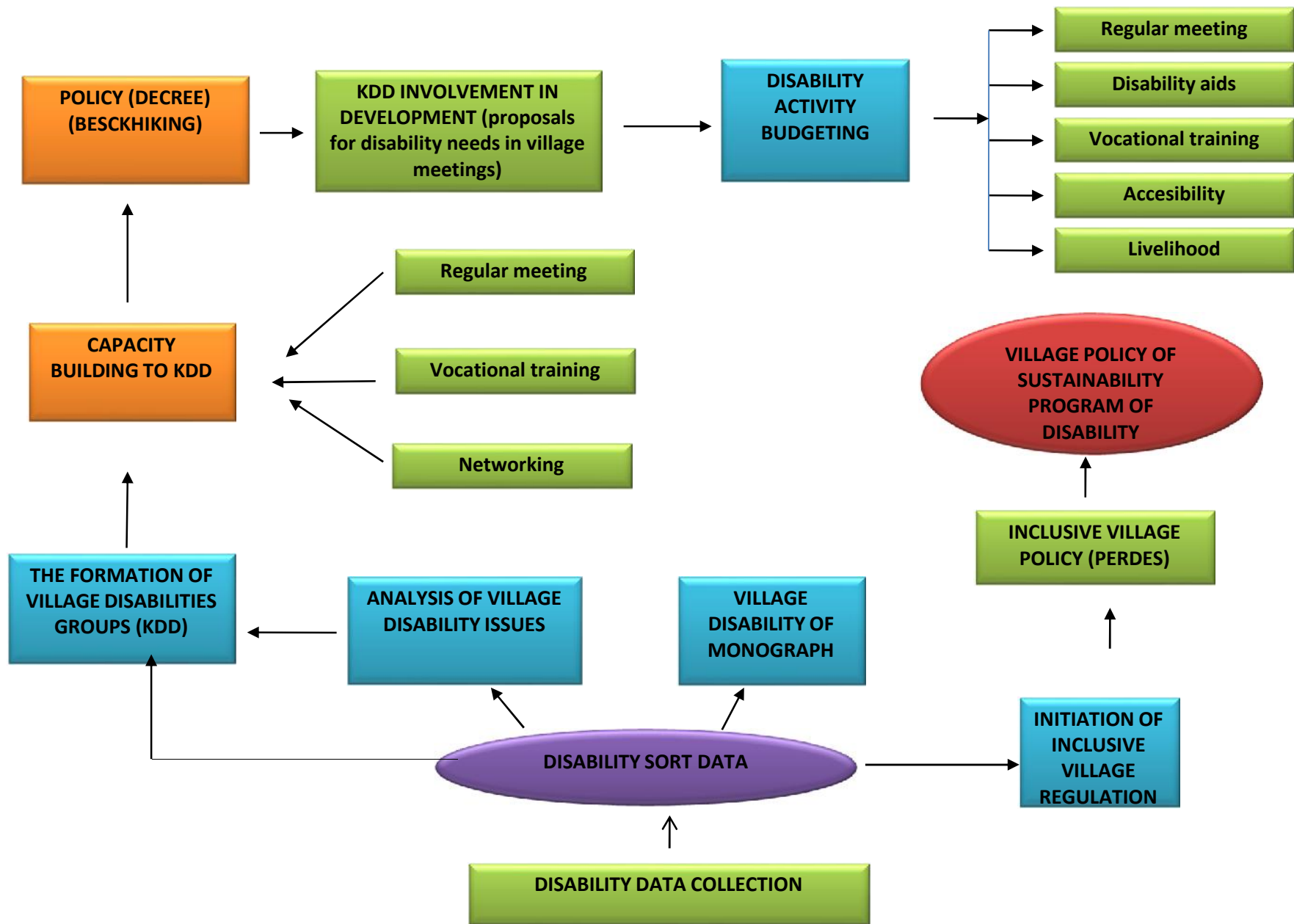


New Village

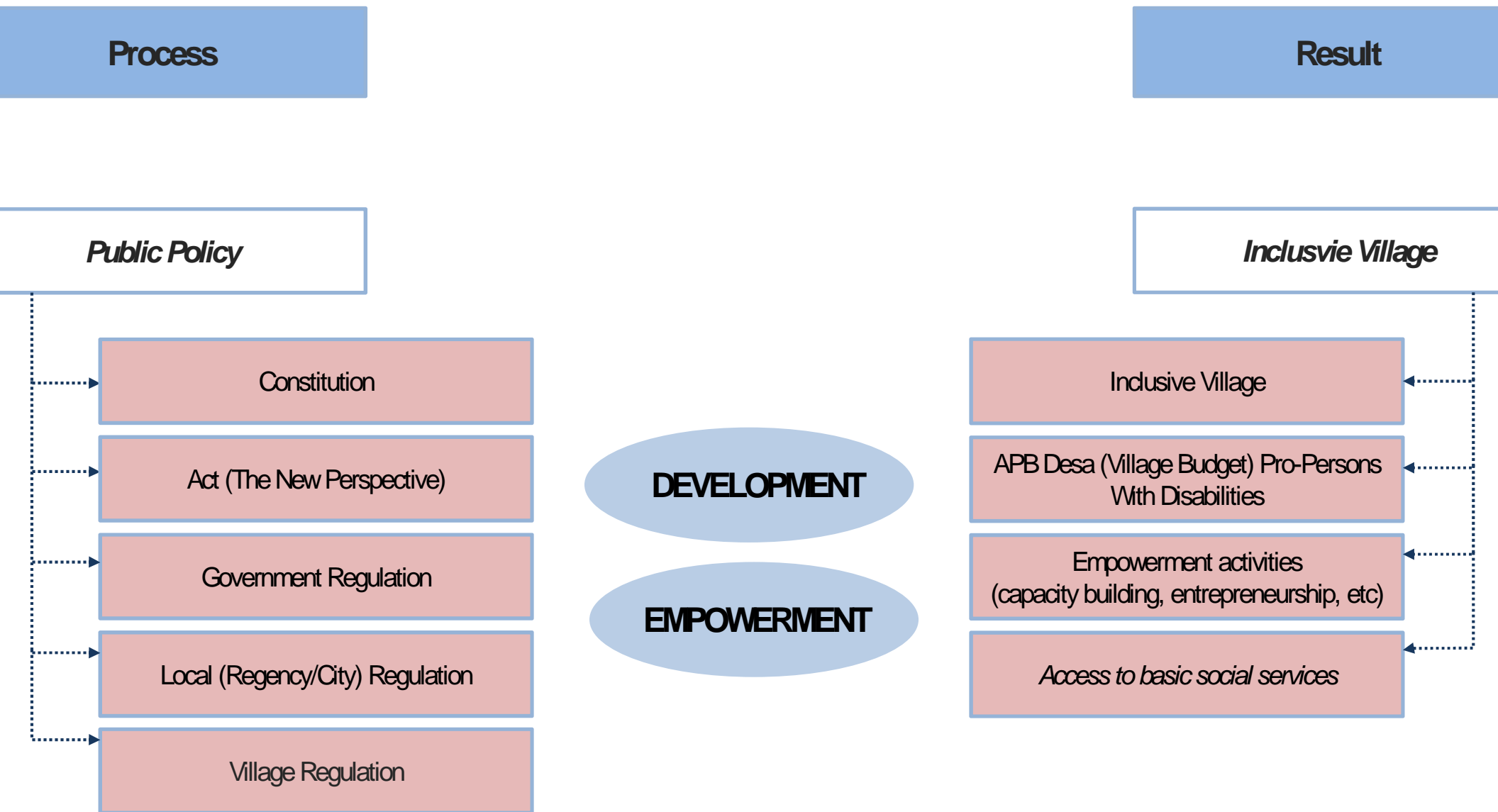
Subject of development

Context	Old Village	New Village
Rule	Law Number. 32 / 2004 dan Gov Regulation Number 72/2005	Law Number No. 6 / 2014
Principle	Decentralisation-residuality	Recognition-subsidiarity
Position and role of regency/city	Regencies / cities have large and broad authority in managing villages	Regencies / cities have limited strategic authority in managing villages including managing village affairs and midwives that do not need to be managed directly by the Center
Development model	<i>Government driven development or community driven development</i>	<i>Village driven development</i>
Towards Inclusive Village		

The Flow of initiation Inclusive Village



Relevance of the *Inclusive Growth with Public Policy*



KDD ACTIVITIES “INVOLVEMENT IN DEVELOPMENT”



**KDD ACTIVITIES INVOLVEMENT IN DEVELOPMENT
(proposals for disability needs in village meetings)**

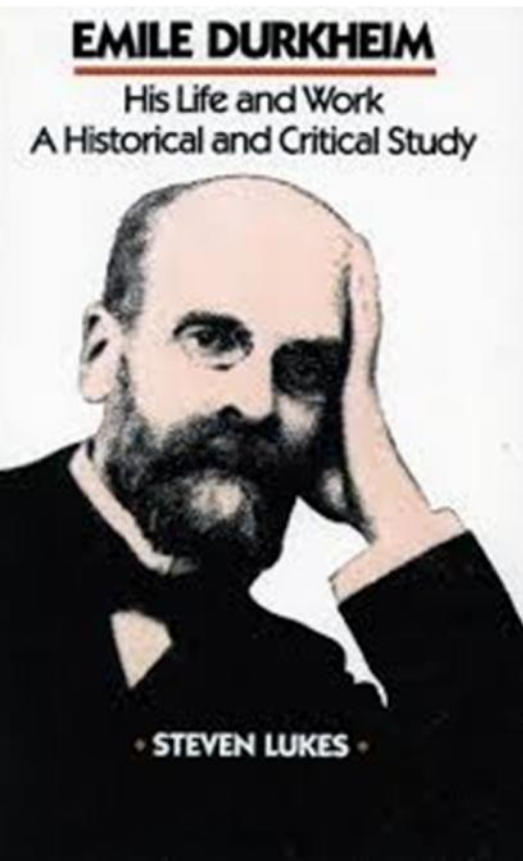


**KDD ACTIVITIES INVOLVEMENT IN DEVELOPMENT
(proposals for disability needs in village meetings)**





EMILE DURKHEIM



“THERE IS MECHANICAL SOLIDARITY THAT IS INDICATED BY THE EXISTENCE OF STRONG FACTORS IN SOCIETY, THERE IS ORGANIC SOLIDARITY WHICH IS INDICATED BY THE INTERDEPENDENCE OF INDIVIDUALS SO THAT SOCIETAL COHESION WILL FORM”



CONCLUSION

The results of this study indicate that the inclusion village policy has been well implemented even though in practice the approach used by the stakeholders is still at the charity level. so that there needs to be the same understanding of disability, what they need is equality because they also have abilities but are different. Therefore, the development and implementation of inclusive village policies must also be adhered and internalized in various community empowerment programs, by government officials, DPOs, and the community in general, so that social cohesion of person with disabilities is realized in organized and better way, easy to implement.

Thank you