

BAB 5 KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

5.1. KESIMPULAN

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian dan pembahasan yang telah dilakukan, dapat ditarik kesimpulan sebagai berikut:

1. Optimalisasi akustik pada ruang ibadah GPdI El-Asah Yogyakarta menghasilkan perubahan yang signifikan pada parameter akustik ruang.
 - Waktu dengung (RT60) berhasil diturunkan ke rentang nilai ideal, yaitu 1 - 1,4 detik, untuk mendukung kejelasan suara musik dan ucapan.
 - Kejelasan suara (C80) meningkat, menciptakan kondisi akustik yang lebih jernih, khususnya untuk musik.
 - Definisi suara (D50) meningkat, menunjukkan perbaikan dalam kejelasan suara, terutama untuk musik dan pidato.
 - Indeks Transmisi Ucapan (STI) meningkat ke kategori *excellent*, mengindikasikan bahwa kualitas transmisi ucapan dalam ruang ibadah telah dioptimalkan.
2. Perubahan parameter akustik setelah optimalisasi berkorelasi dengan perubahan aktivitas gelombang otak (alpha dan theta) pada subjek penelitian.
 - Peningkatan atensi dan fokus ditunjukkan dengan kecenderungan penurunan *bandpower* alpha pada sebagian besar subjek.
 - Peningkatan sensitivitas auditori ditunjukkan dengan kecenderungan peningkatan *bandpower* theta, terutama pada subjek dengan pengalaman akustik.
3. Terdapat perbedaan respons otak antara subjek jemaat lokal dan subjek dengan pengalaman akustik. Subjek dengan pengalaman di bidang musik atau audio menunjukkan sensitivitas yang lebih tinggi terhadap perubahan kualitas akustik.

5.2. SARAN

1. Penelitian Lanjutan

Perlu dilakukan penelitian lebih lanjut dengan jumlah subjek yang lebih besar dan metode pengukuran aktivitas otak yang lebih komprehensif (misalnya, menggabungkan EEG dengan fMRI) untuk memperkuat hasil penelitian ini. Penelitian

lanjutan juga dapat mengeksplorasi pengaruh faktor-faktor lain, seperti kenyamanan termal dan visual, terhadap pengalaman ibadah jemaat dalam konteks neuroarsitektur.

2. Implementasi Optimalisasi Akustik

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini, GPdI El-Asah Yogyakarta dapat mempertimbangkan untuk menerapkan optimalisasi akustik ruang ibadah lebih lanjut.

Hal ini dapat dicapai dengan menambahkan material penyerap suara pada dinding dan langit-langit, serta menyesuaikan posisi dan jenis *speaker*.

Pemanfaatan teknologi *sound system* yang lebih canggih juga dapat dipertimbangkan untuk meningkatkan kejelasan dan kualitas suara.

3. Referensi bagi Pengembangan Neuroarsitektur di Ruang Ibadah

Penelitian ini diharapkan dapat menjadi referensi bagi penelitian selanjutnya di bidang neuroarsitektur dan akustik ruang ibadah, khususnya dalam konteks *experiential worship*.

Temuan penelitian ini dapat membantu arsitek dan desainer dalam merancang ruang ibadah yang tidak hanya indah secara estetika, tetapi juga mendukung pengalaman spiritual jemaat melalui optimalisasi faktor-faktor neuroarsitektur.

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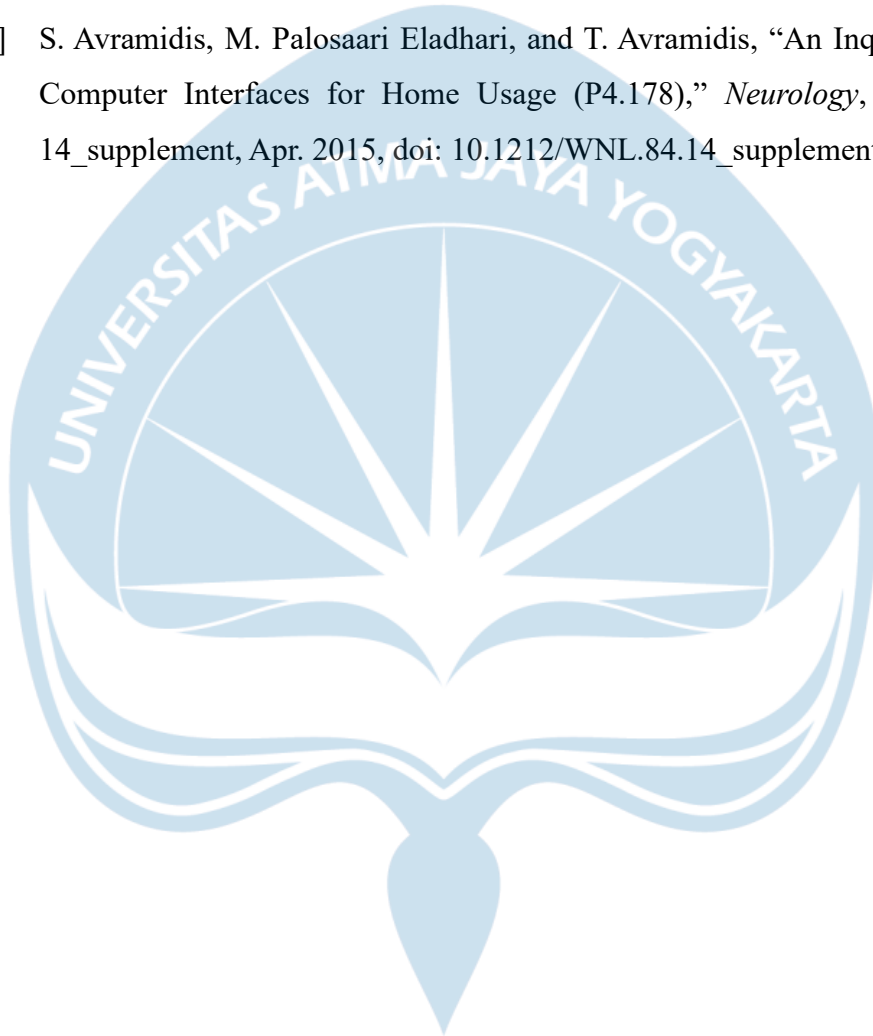
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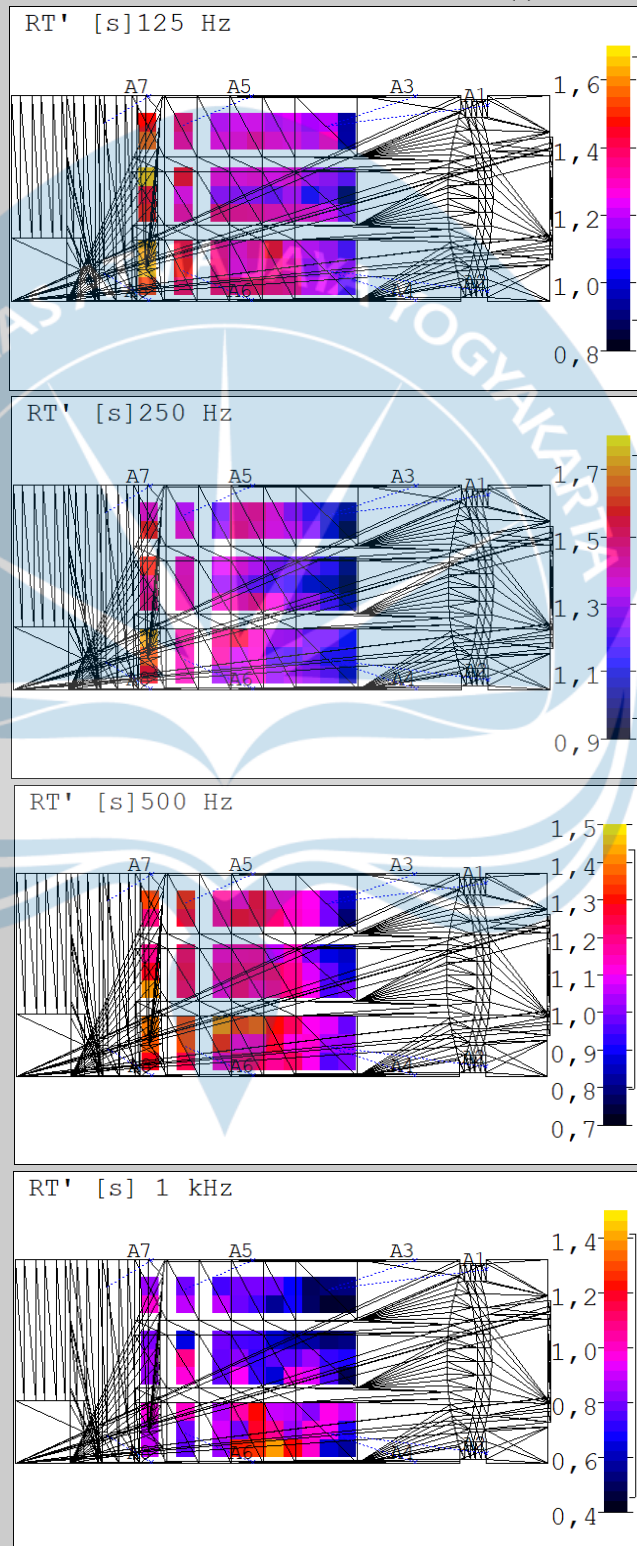
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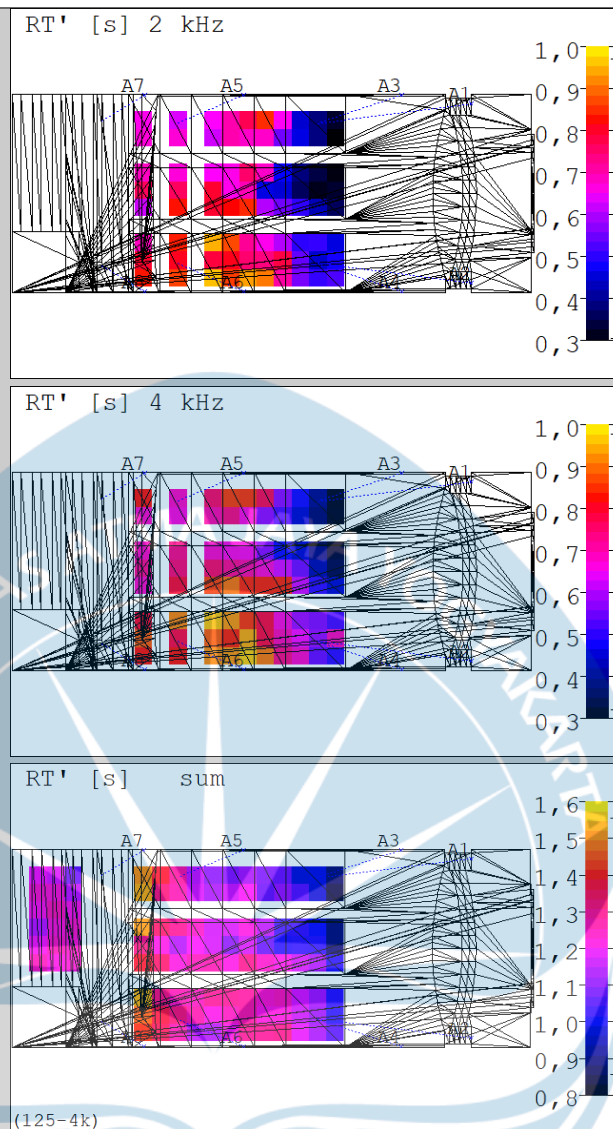


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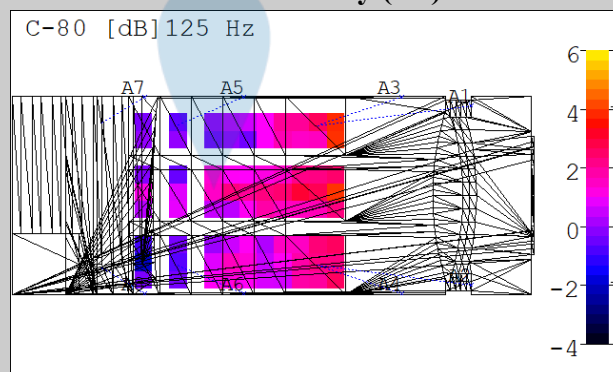
Hasil Simulasi Akustik 3D Model Eksisting

1. RT60 - Reverberation Time (s)

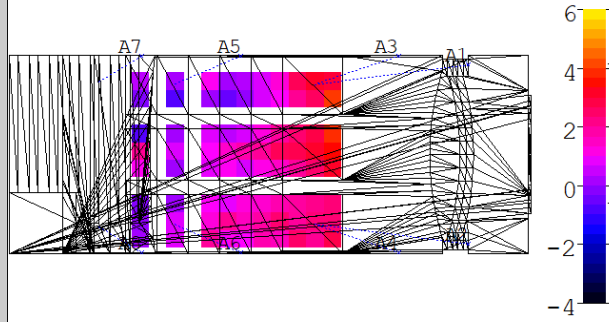




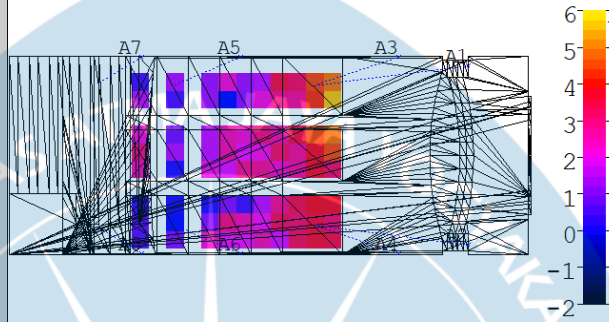
2. C80 - Clarity (dB)



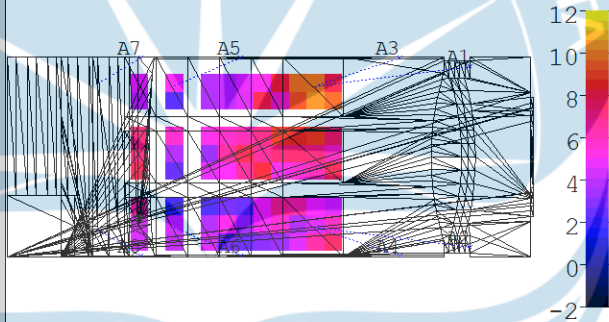
C-80 [dB] 250 Hz



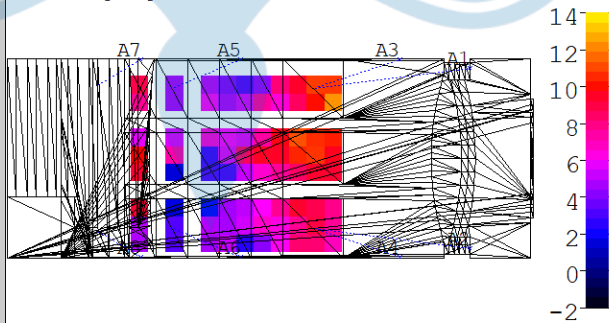
C-80 [dB] 500 Hz

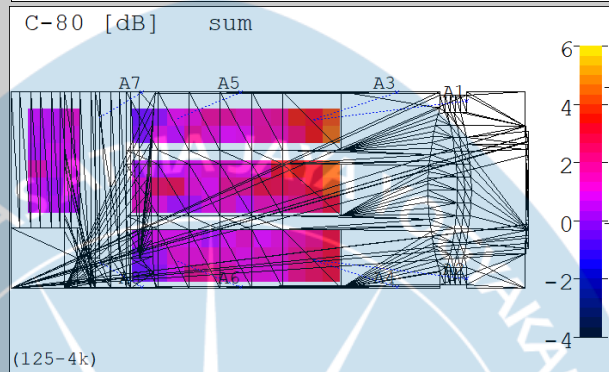
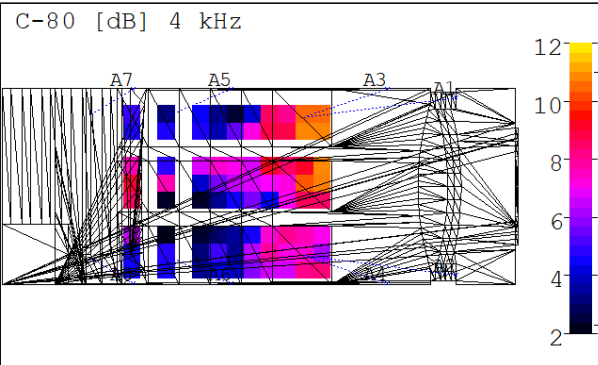


C-80 [dB] 1 kHz

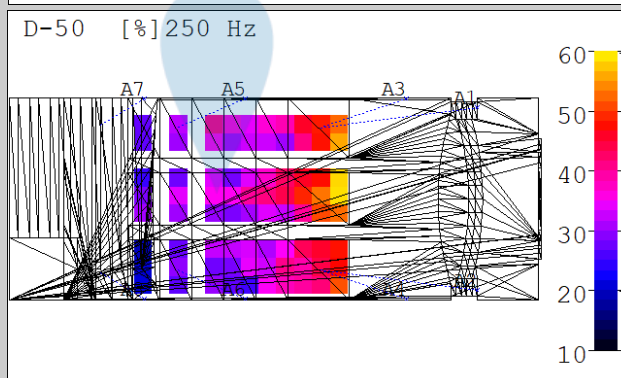
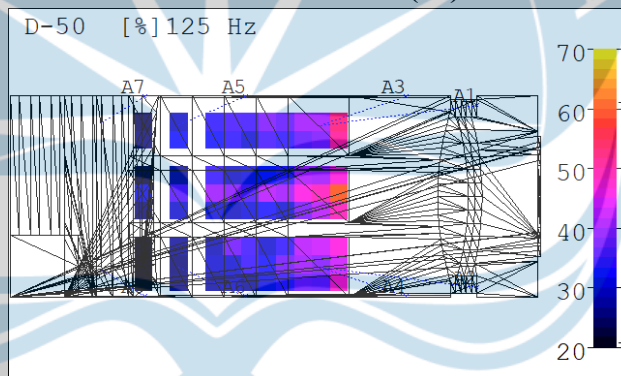


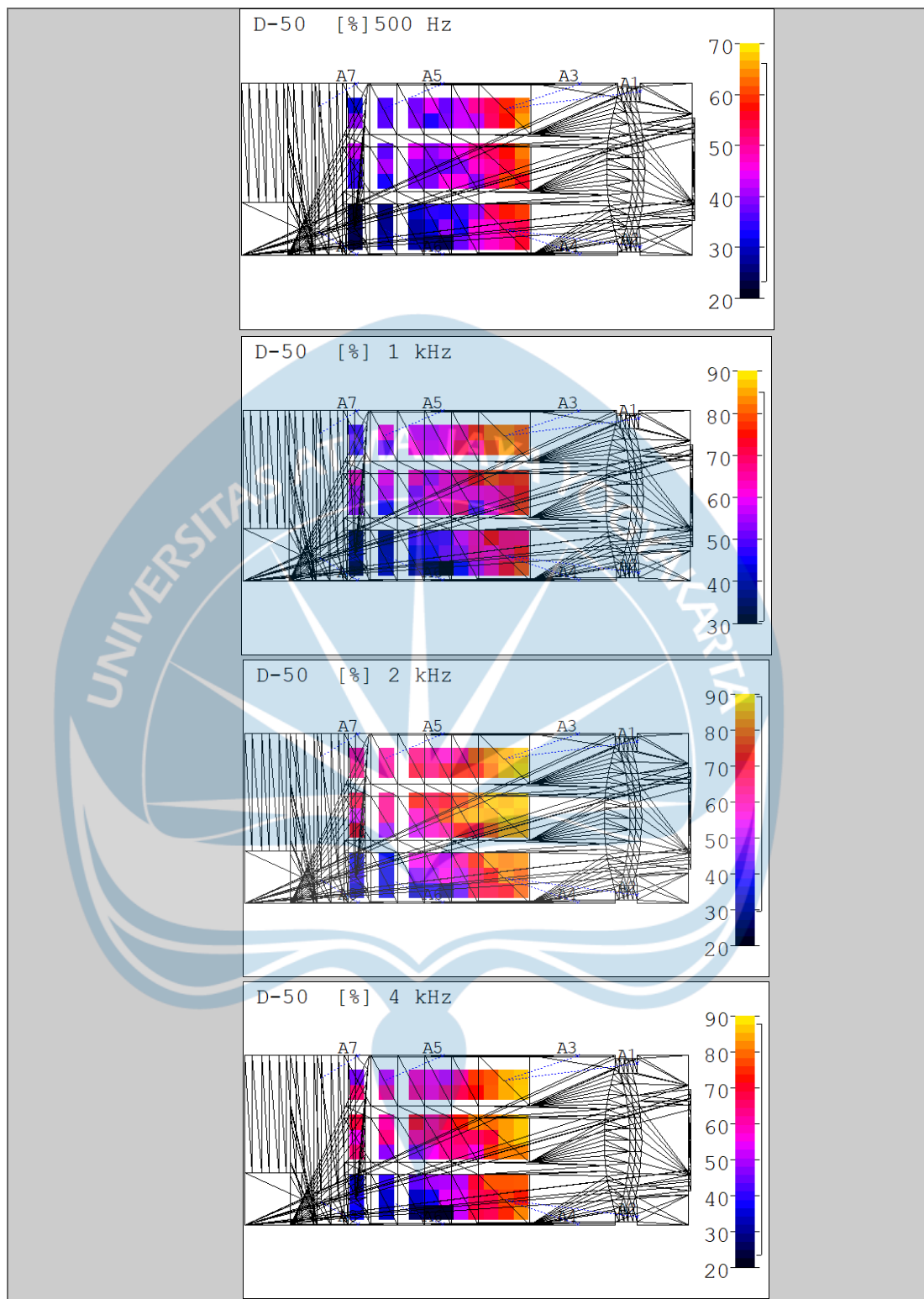
C-80 [dB] 2 kHz

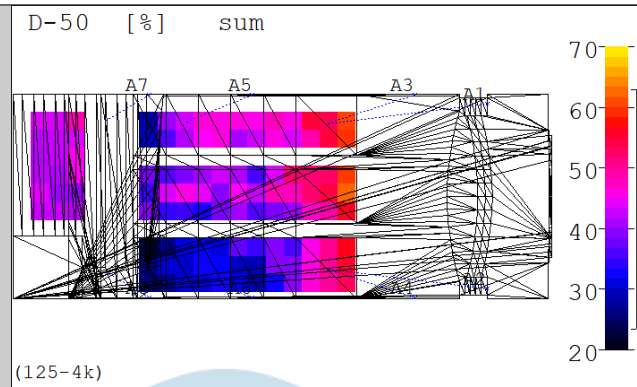




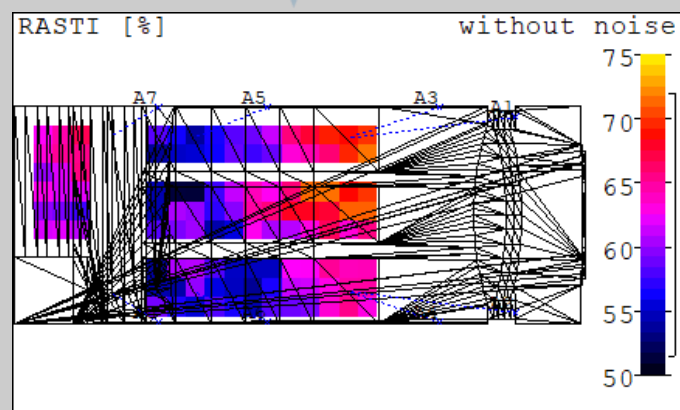
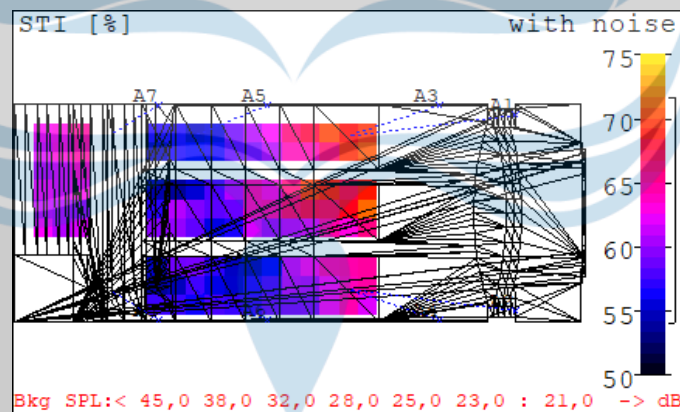
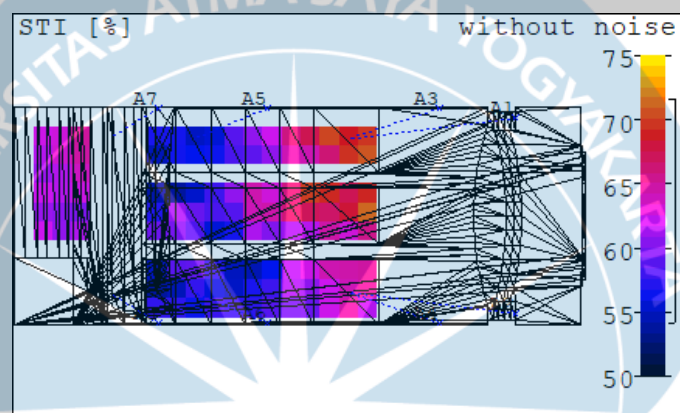
3. D50 - Definition (%)

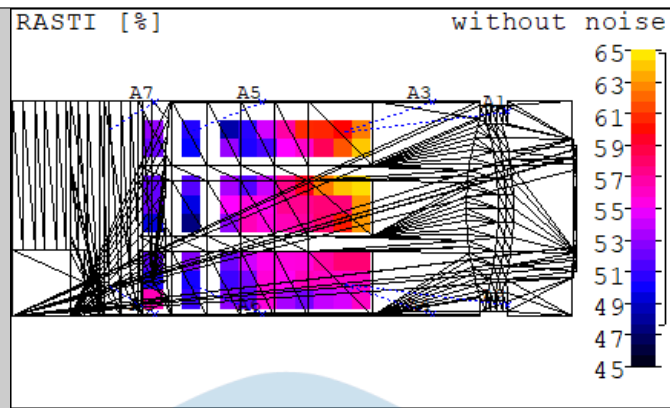




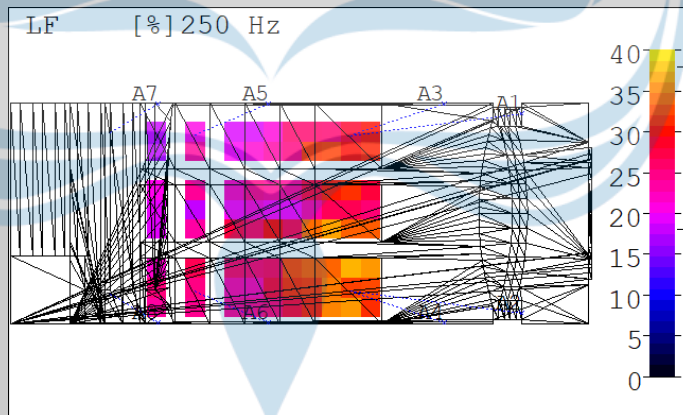
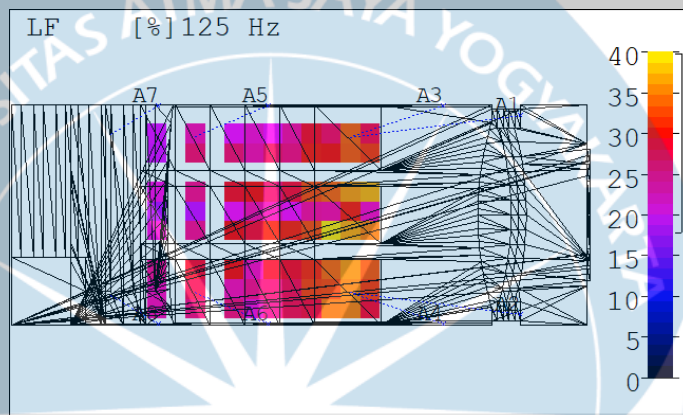


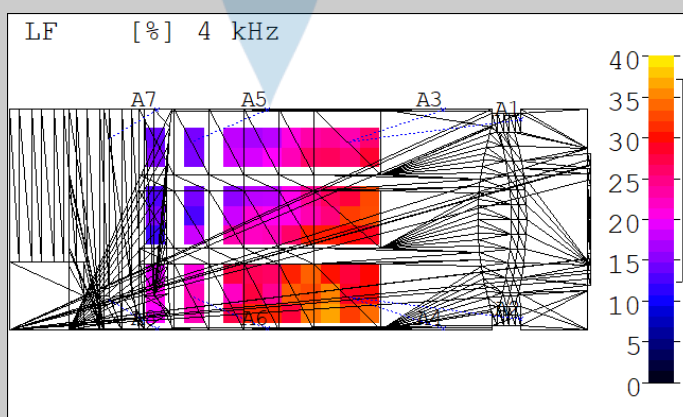
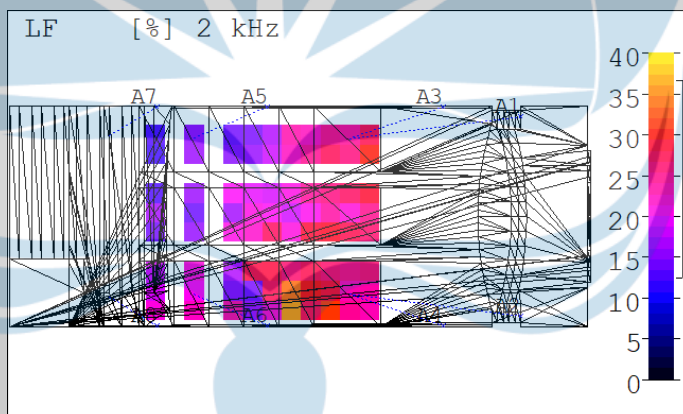
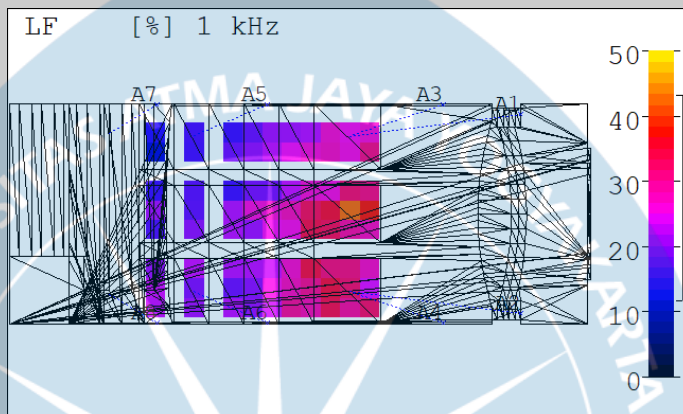
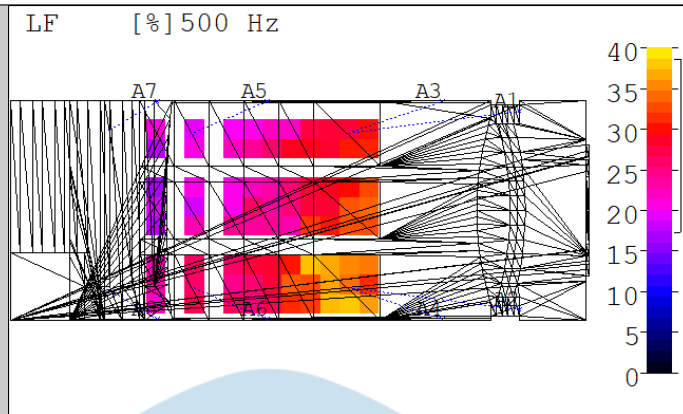
4. Speech Transmission Index (STI)

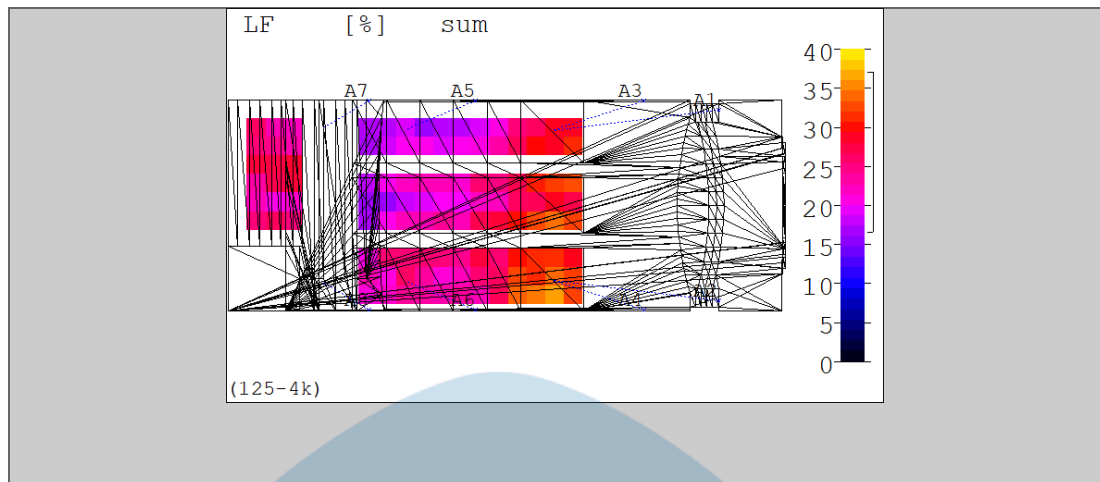




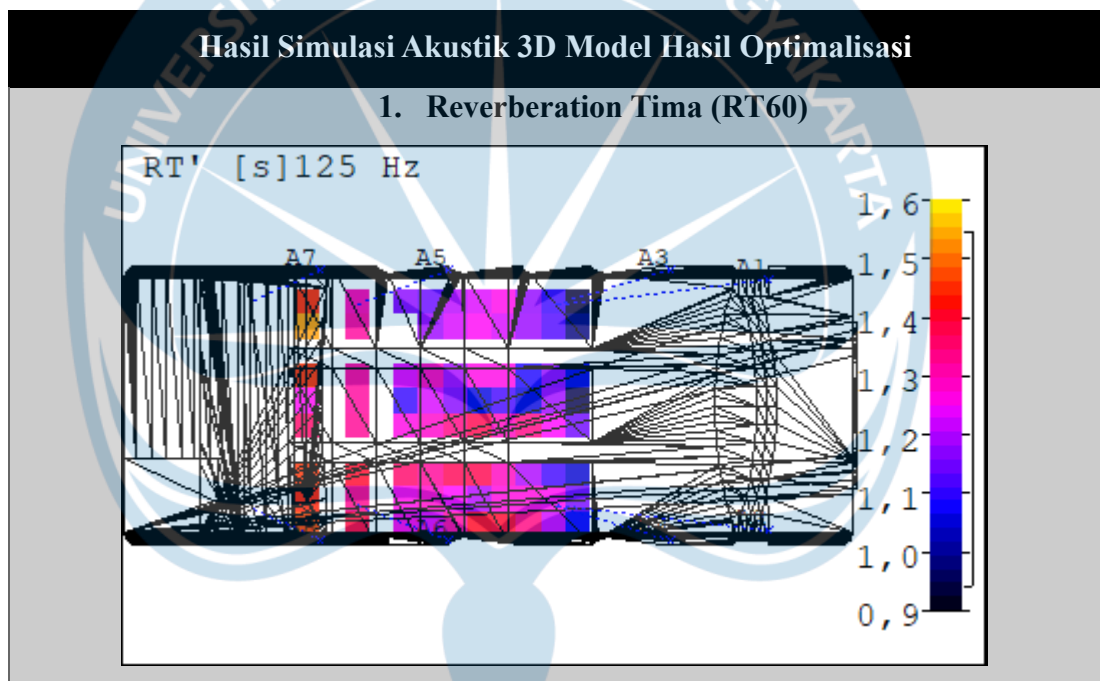
5. LF - Lateral Energy Fraction (%)



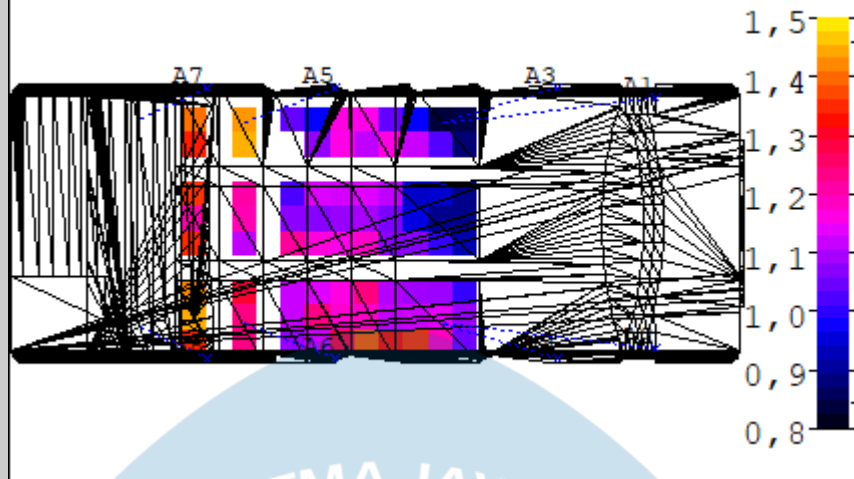




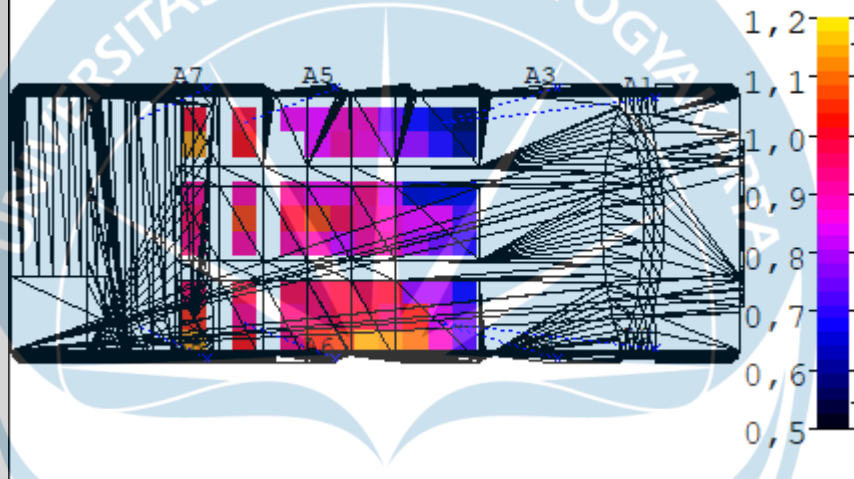
Tabel 30 Hasil Simulasi dengan CATT-Acoustic Sebelum Optimalisasi



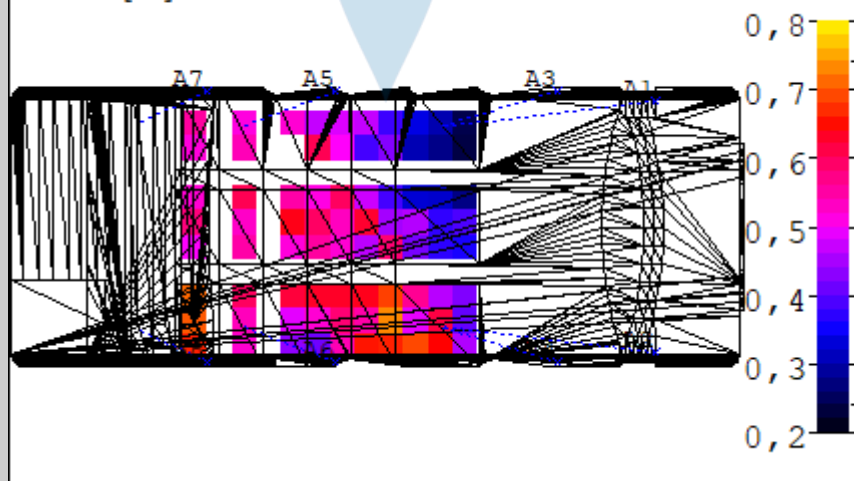
RT' [s] 250 Hz

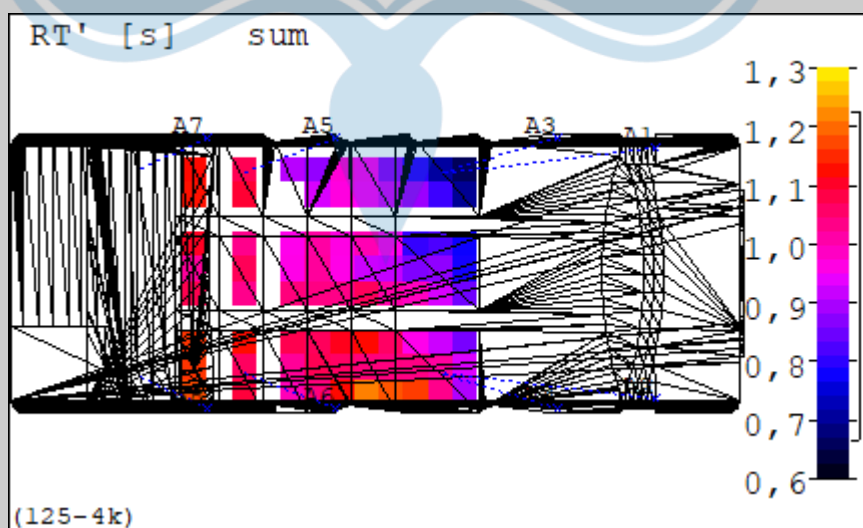
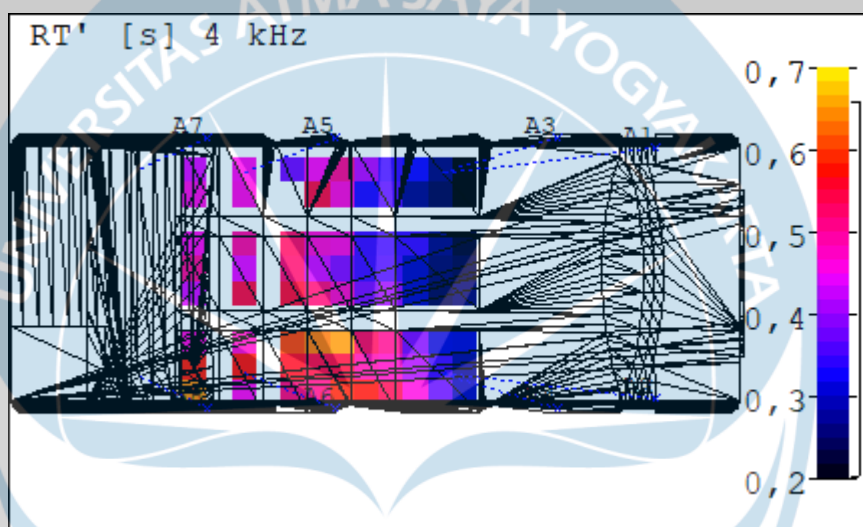
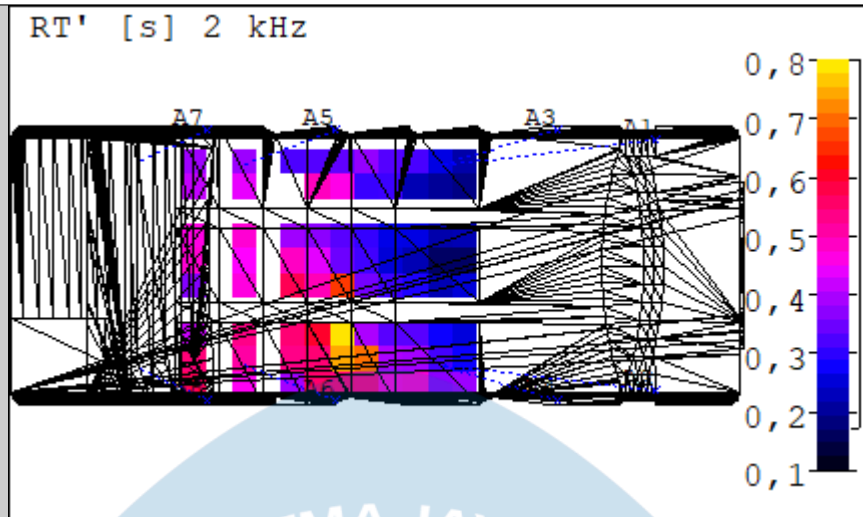


RT' [s] 500 Hz

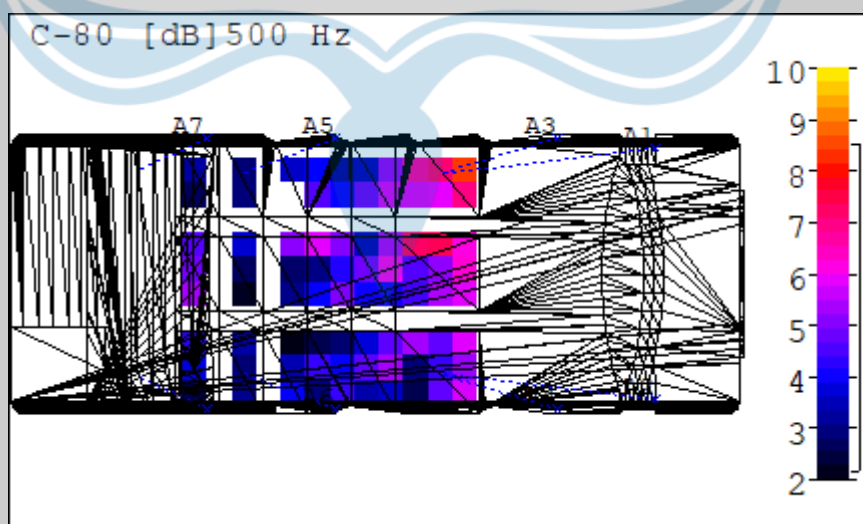
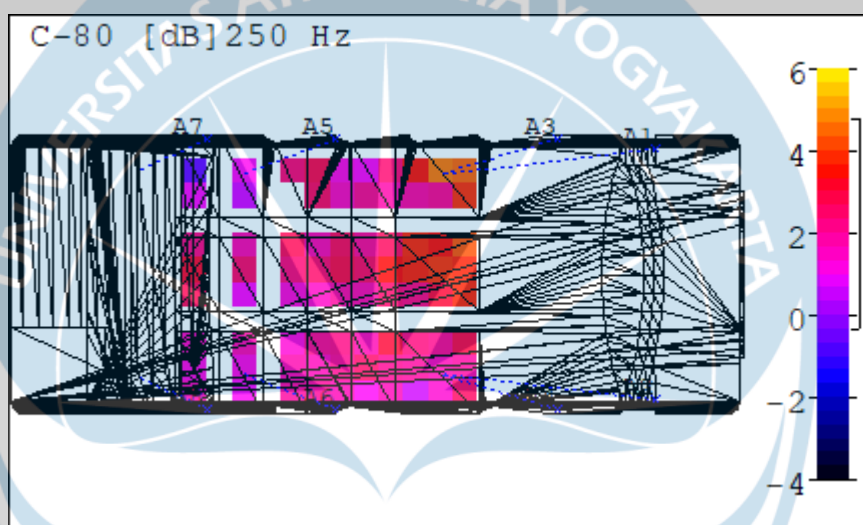
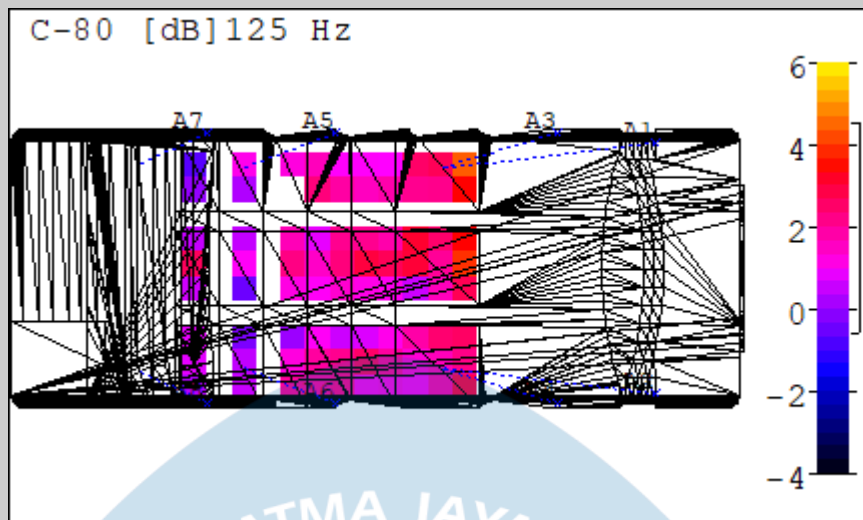


RT' [s] 1 kHz

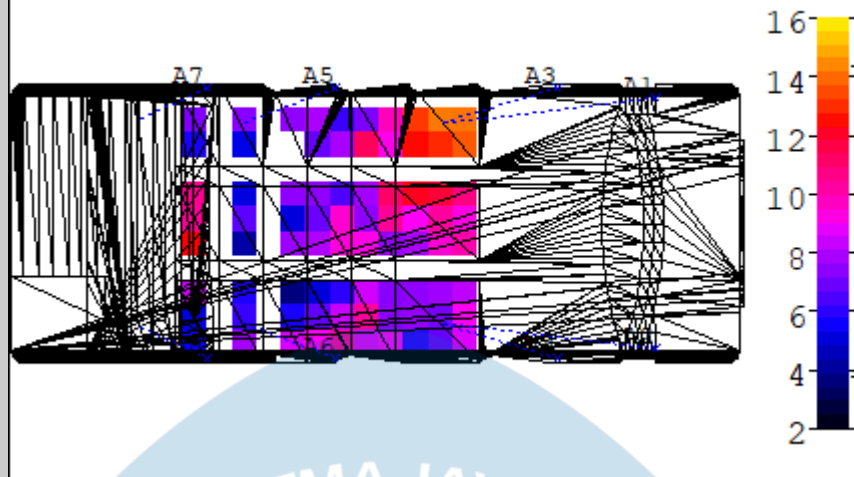




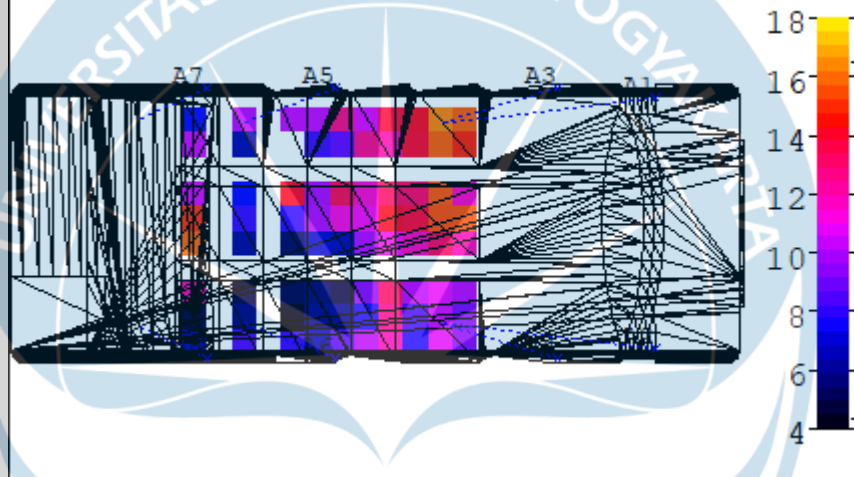
2. C80 - Clarity (dB)



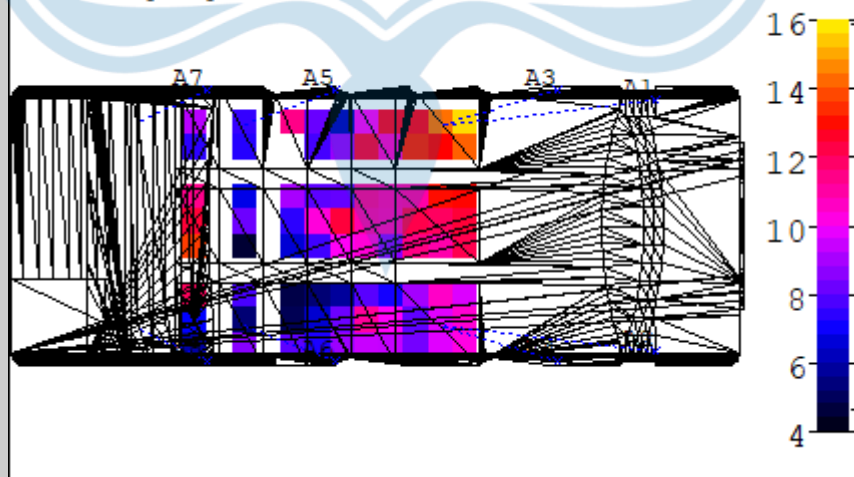
C-80 [dB] 1 kHz

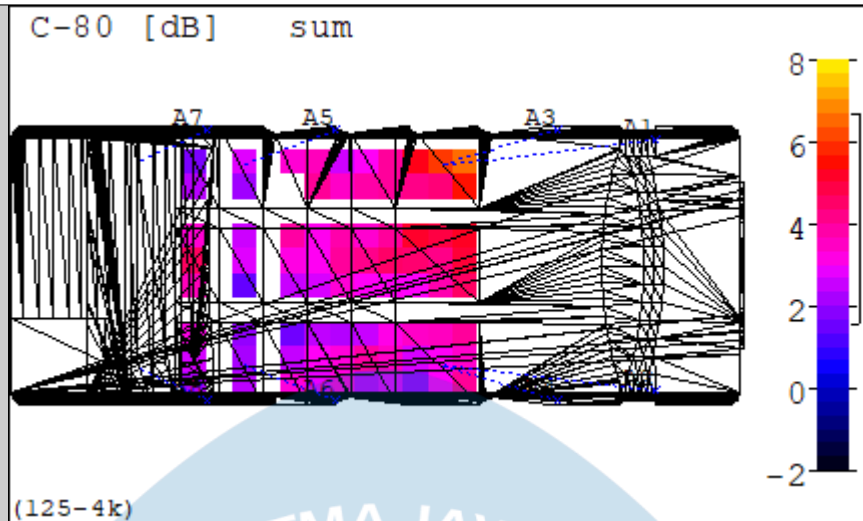


C-80 [dB] 2 kHz

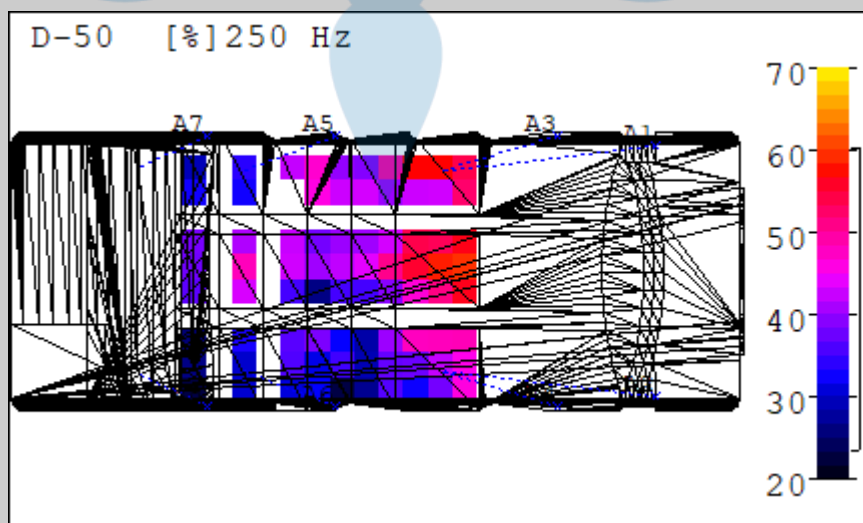
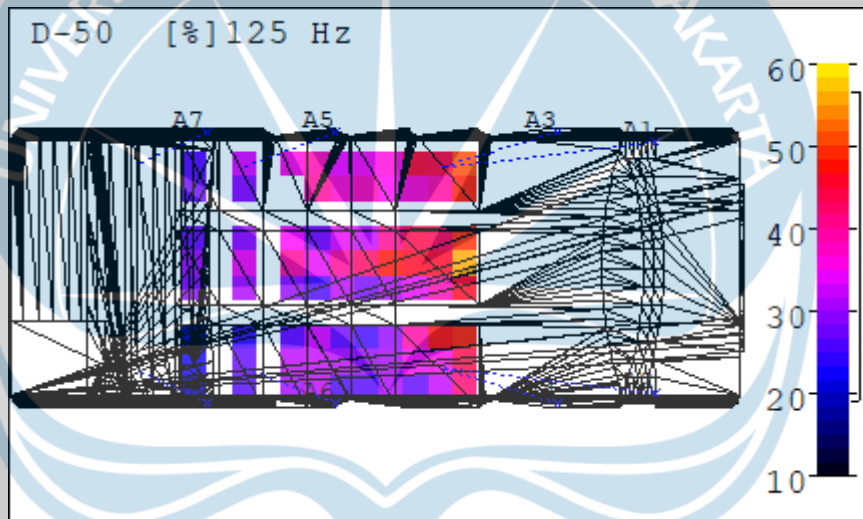


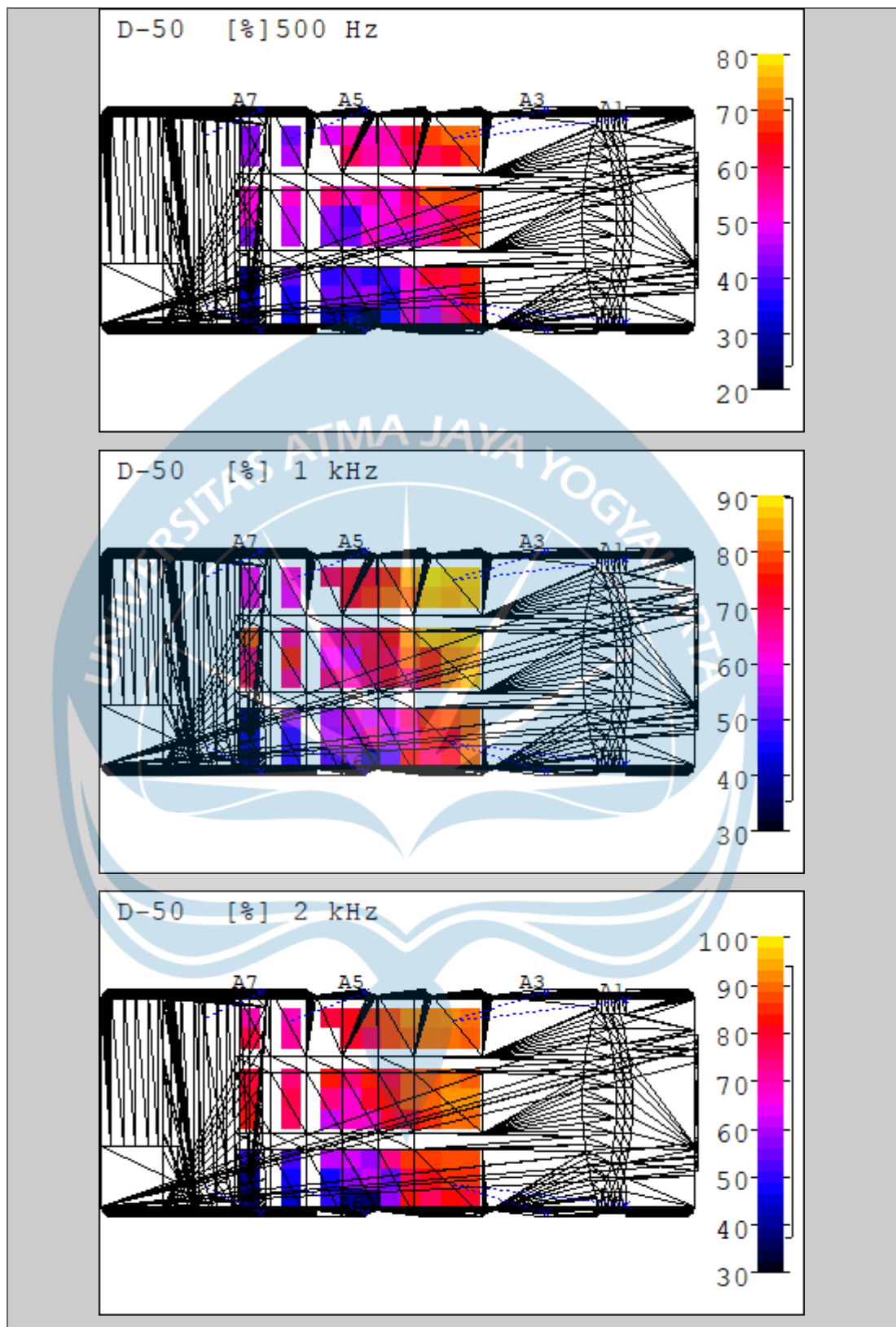
C-80 [dB] 4 kHz

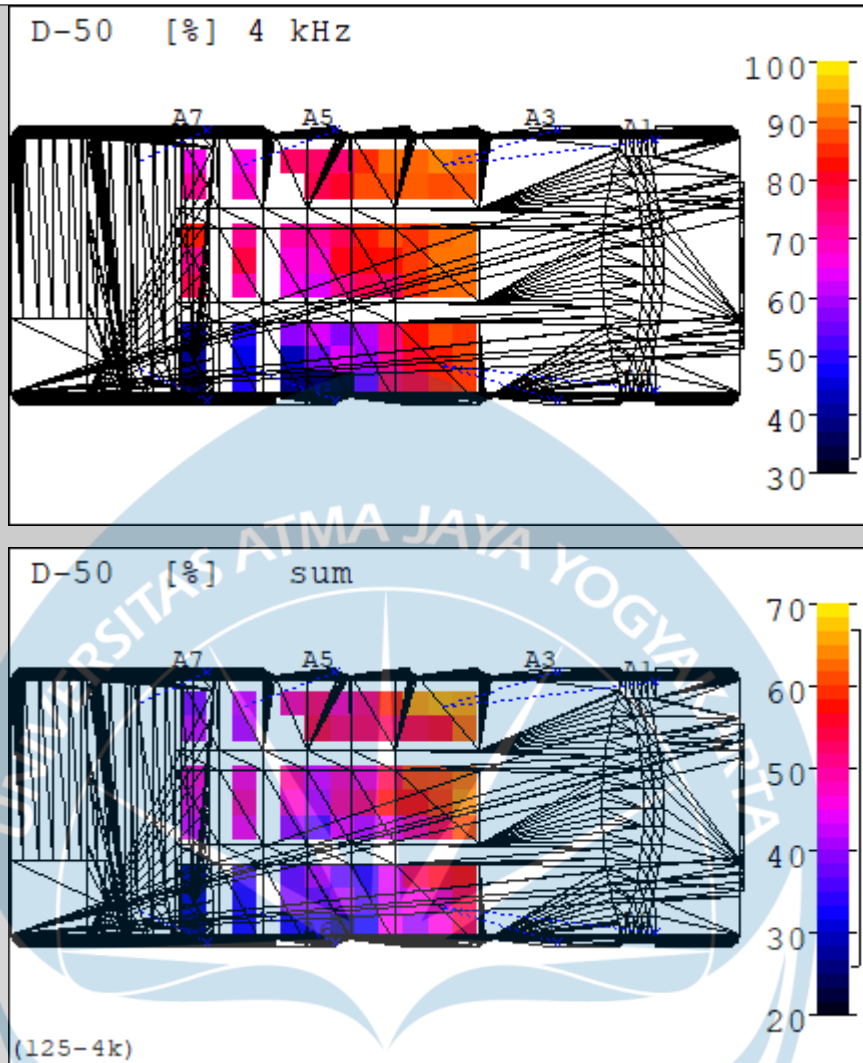




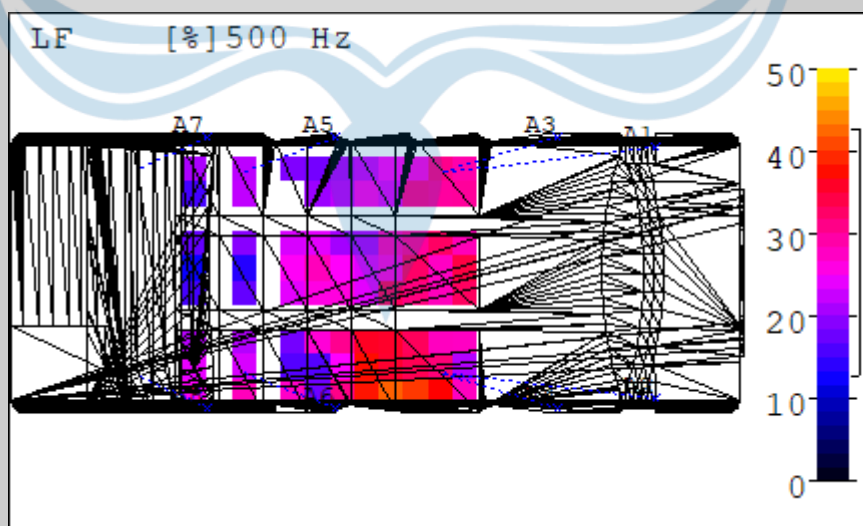
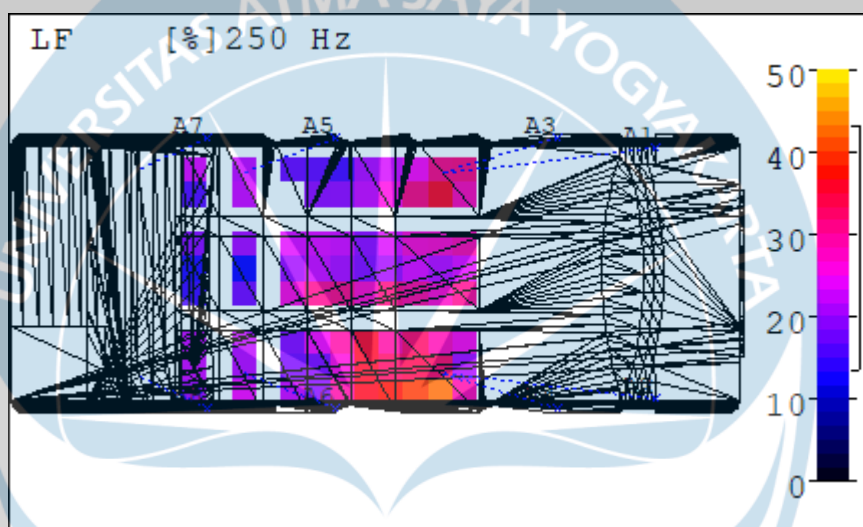
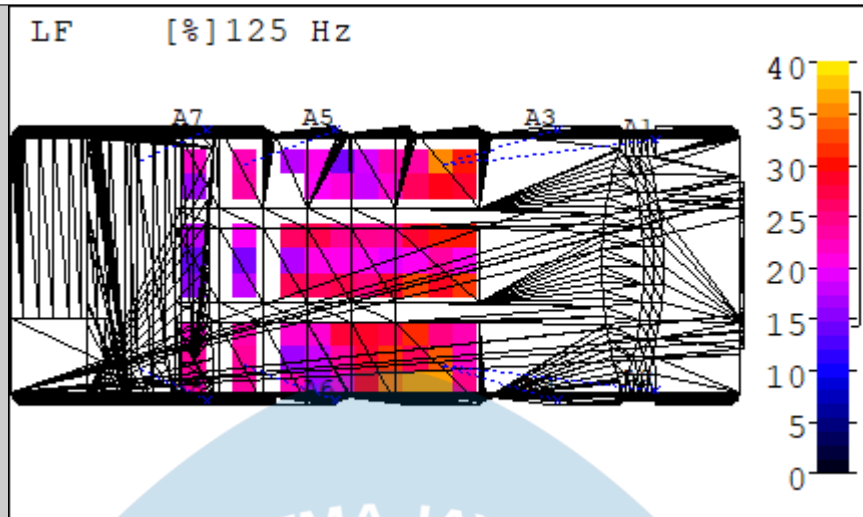
3. D50 - Definition (%)

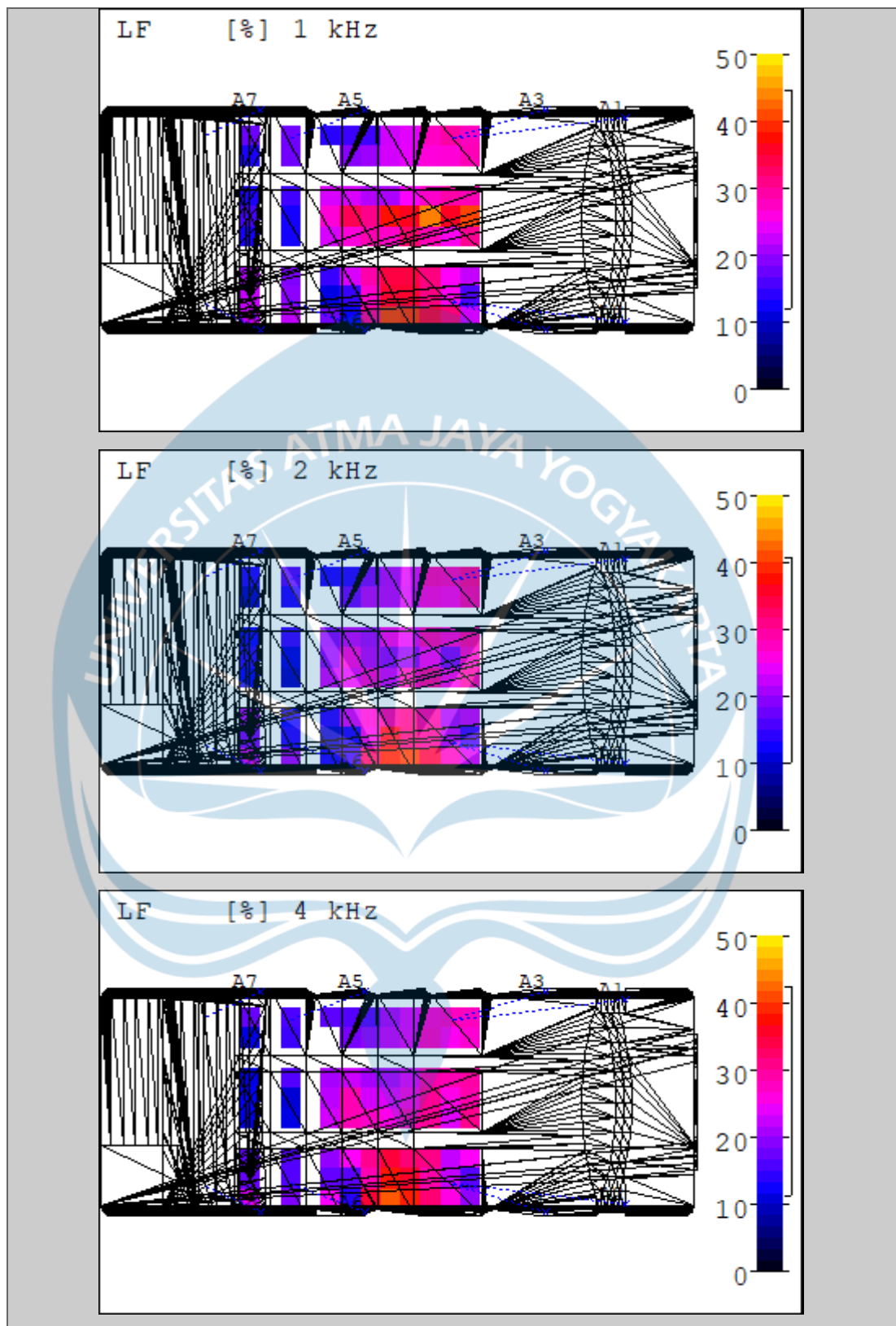


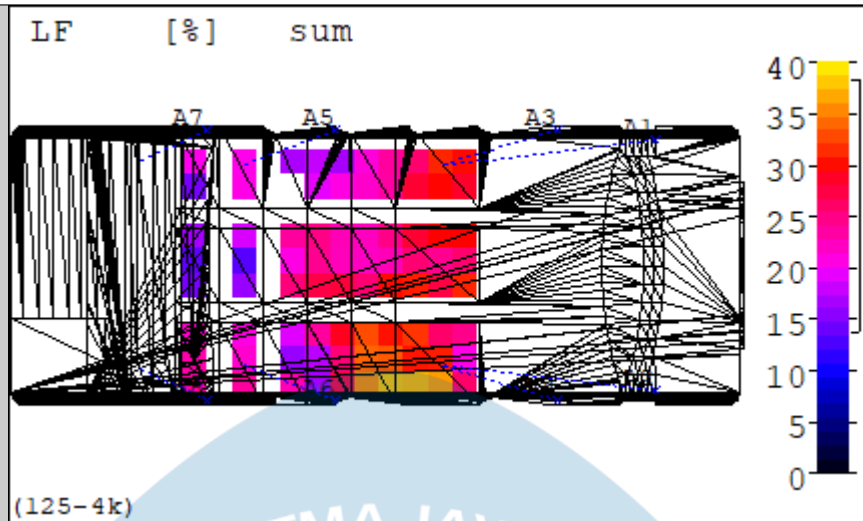




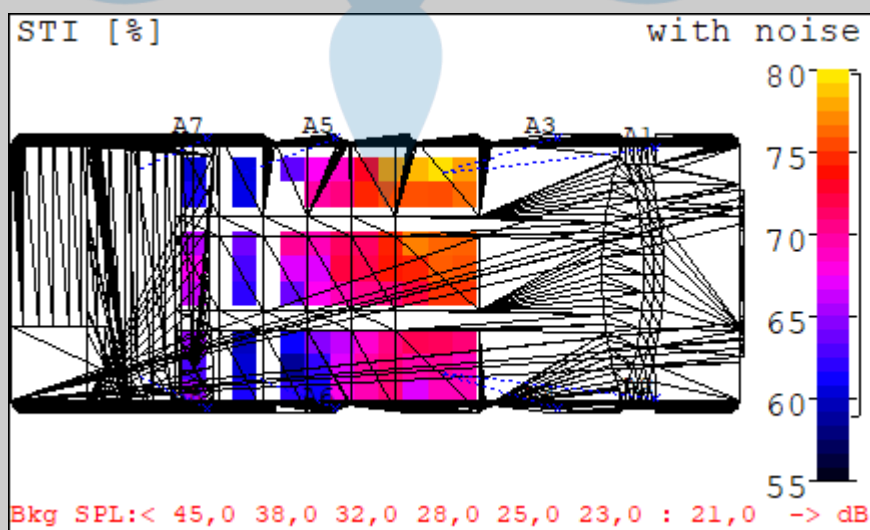
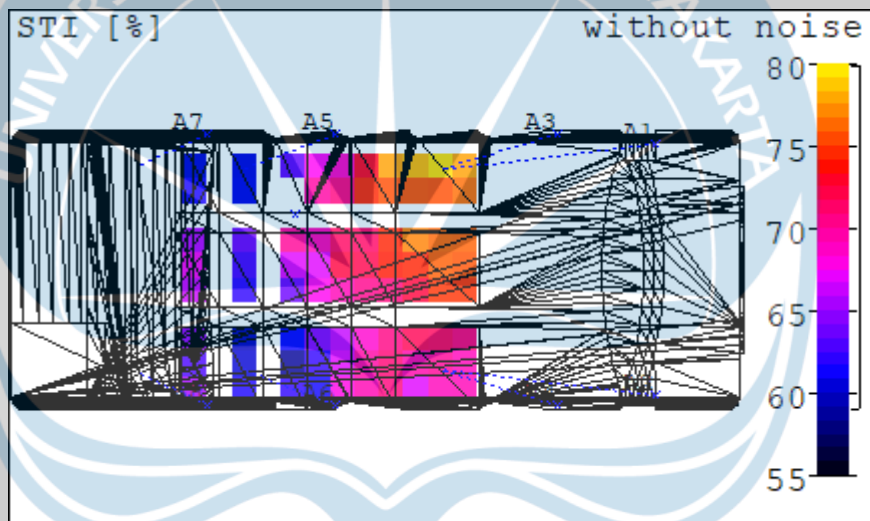
4. LF – Lateral Fraction (%)

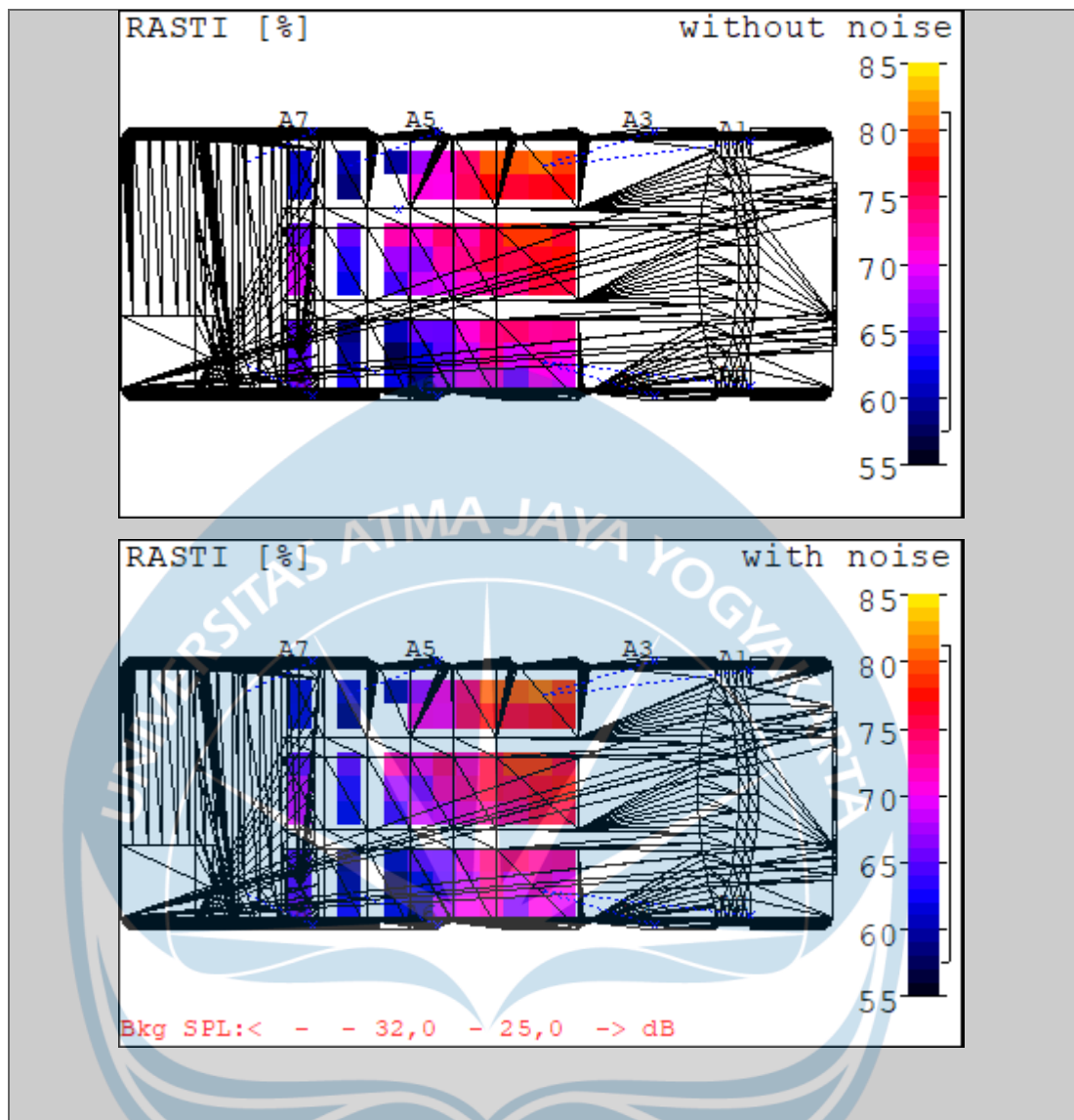






5. Sound Transmission Index (STI)





Tabel 31 Hasil Simulasi CATT-Acoustic Sebelum Optimalisasi

Tabel 32 Hasil Simulasi dengan CATT-Acoustic Setelah Optimalisasi

Dokumentasi Pengukuran Gelombang otak Subjek dengan EPOC Emotiv



Tabel 33 Pengukuran Powerband Subjek dengan EPOC Emotiv

Tampilan Software Emotiv selama pengukuran



Tabel 34 Gambar Tampilan Software Emotiv selama pengukuran

Data Hasil Pengukuran Gelombang Otak

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1ojCp IK9T15GcoE4W7kfuShdg22CjTP?usp=sharing>

Link di atas berisi data powerband lengkap tiap Responden, disemua genre lagu, baik sebelum (E), maupun sesudah optimalisasi (O)

Tabel 35 Link Data Hasil Pengukuran Gelombang Otak Semua Subjek